# DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS <br> UNIVERSITY OF KANSAS <br> MATH 220 - SAMPLE EXAM 3 

Your Name: $\qquad$
On this exam, you may use a calculator and a list of formulas.
It is not sufficient to just write down the answers. You must explain how you arrived at your answers and how you know they are correct.

| 1 | $(40)$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2 | $(20)$ |
| 3 | $(40)$ |
| 4 | $(50)$ |
| 5 | $(50) \square$ |
| Total | $(150)$ |
| Tonus |  |

(1) (40 points) Find the solution of the initial value problem using the Laplace transform.

$$
\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned}
& y^{\prime \prime}-2 y^{\prime}+2 y=0 \\
& y(0)=1, y^{\prime}(0)=0
\end{aligned}\right.
$$

(2) (20 points) Find the inverse Laplace transform of the function $F(s)=$ $\frac{(s-2) e^{-s}}{s^{2}-4 s+3}$.
(3) (40 points) Find the solution of the initial value problem using the Laplace transform.

$$
\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned}
& y^{\prime \prime}-y^{\prime}-2 y=0 \\
& y(0)=1, y^{\prime}(0)=1
\end{aligned}\right.
$$

(4) (50 points) Find the solution of the initial value problem and describe its behavior for increasing t . Use Laplace transform.

$$
\begin{array}{|l}
y^{\prime \prime}+2 y^{\prime}+5 y=1-u_{10}(t) \\
y(0)=0, y^{\prime}(0)=0
\end{array}
$$

(5) (50 points) bonus problem Use Laplace transform to find the solution of the initial-value problem.

$$
\begin{array}{|l}
y^{(4)}-y=u_{1}(t)-u_{2}(t) \\
y(0)=0, y^{\prime}(0)=0, y^{\prime \prime}(0)=0, y^{\prime \prime \prime}(0)=0
\end{array}
$$

